PROPOSED MEAS	URES TO REDUCE FERTILITY, BY UNIVER	SALITY OR SELECTIVITY	OF IMPACT IN THE U.S.
UNIVERSAL IMPACT	SELECTIVE IMPACT DEPENDING ON SOCIO-ECONOMIC STATUS		Measures Predicated on Existing Motivation to Prevent Unwanted
Social Constraints	Economic Deterrents/Incentives	Social Controls	Pregnancy
Restructure family: a) Postpone or avoid marriage b) Alter image of ideal family size Compulsory education of children Encourage increased homosexuality Educate for family limitation Fertility control agents in water supply Encourage women to work	Modify tax policies: a) Substantial marriage tax b) Child Tax c) Tax married more than single d) Remove parents' tax exemption d) Additional taxes on parents with more than 1 or 2 children in school Reduce/eliminate paid maternity leave or benefits Reduce/eliminate children's or family allowances Bonuses for delayed marriage and greater child-spacing Pensions for women of 45 with less than N children Eliminate Welfare payments after first 2 children Chronic Depression Require women to work and provide few child care facilities Limit/eliminate publicly-financed medical care, scholarships, housing, loans and subsidies to families with more than N children.	Compulsory abortion of out- of-wedlock pregnancies Compulsory sterilization of all who have two children except for a few who would be allowed three Confine childbearing to only a limited number of adults Stock certificate type permits for children Housing Policies: a) Discouragement of private home ownership b) Stop awarding public housing based on family size	Payments to encourage sterilization Payments to encourage contraception Payments to encourage abortion Abortion and sterilization on demand Allow harmless contraceptives to be distributed nonmedically Improve contraceptive technology Make contraception truly available and accessible Improve maternal health care, with family planning a core element

The measures tabulated here are derived primarily from Davis, <u>Science</u>. 11/10/67; Michael Young's remarks at NIH Conference 6/67; L. & A. Day, <u>Too Many Americans</u>; J. Blake in Sheps & Ridley, <u>Public Health & Population Change</u>; and W. Shockley, Speech in Ontario, 12/67.

Source: Memorandum sent to Bernard Berelson by Frederick S. Jaffe, of the Center for Family Planning Program Development (The Technical Assistance Division of Planned Parenthood-World Population), with the subject: "Activities Relevant to the Study of Population Policy for the United States" "responsive to [Berelson's letter of Jan. 24], seeking ideas on necessary and useful activities relevant to formation of population policy". Dated: March 11, 1969.